The Daily Gazetteer.

Numb. 995

Monday, September 11. 1738.

91c. 1003.

Saturday laſt arrived the Mail due from Holland.

Petersburg, Aug. 12. *O. S.*

PAULOFF, Adjutant to the Velt Marſhal de Munich, arrived here two Days ago with the following Relation of a 4th Engagement that happened on the 26th ult. between the Ruſſian Army and that of the Sultan of Bialogorod, but a ſmall Diſtance from the Nieſter.

On the 25th of July a Council of War was held, in which it was reſolved to march with the Army between the two little Rivers of Molokiſch and Bielocz, to the Place where they fall into the Nieſter, overagainſt the Turkiſh Army, and to draw ſo near to the Bank of the Nieſter, as to ſee the Forts and Batteries which the Enemy have erected on the other Side, in order to make the neceſſary Diſpoſitions for forcing the Paſſage, and driving the Enemy's Army from it. In purſuance of this Reſolution, the Equipages were ſent away at Midnight, and on the 6th, early in the Morning, the Army marched.

The Enemy have two powerful Armies in theſe Parts; that of the Turks, which is the Chief, is incamped and intrench'd on the other Side of the Nieſter; and the other, which conſiſts of all the Tartars, and ſome thouſand Turks, is commanded by the Sultan of Bialogorod, and incamped at the Mouth of the River Molokiſch.

As ſoon as the latter perceived us on the March, they decamped at 7 o'Clock in the Morning, paſſed the Molokiſch, and went and poſted themſelves upon a Hill, taking up a Space of Ground of 5 or 6 Miles on our left, from the Front of our Army to the Rear. By the Diſpoſition which the Infidels made, we reckon'd that their Deſign was to come and attack us; therefore we halted, to give time for the ſeveral Diviſions of the Army to come up, and to take the neceſſary Meaſures to cover the Proviſions and Baggage.

About 10 o'Clock a Part of the Enemy fell on our Rear, while another Body of their Troops croſſed a Valley to fall on our Van Guard; but the latter being immediately repulſed by the Coſſacks, Calmucks, and Huſſars, it was diſcover'd that the Enemy who were poſted on the Hill, were defiling towards our Rear Guard, which engaged the Marſhal de Munich to repair that Way. The Attack made upon our Rear Guard was very ſharp. The Coſſacks of the Don ſuffer'd all the Fury of the Infidels, but defended themſelves ſo well, that after having diſcharged their Fire Arms, they attacked the Enemy with their Pikes, and obliged them to retire, tho' they were far ſuperior in Number.

Major General Philoſophow, who commanded our Rear Guard, had been obliged to ſtay a little behind with 4 Regiments, in order to cover the reſt of the Baggage that followed the Army. The Enemy attacked theſe 4 Regiments, but the latter being ſpeedily relieved by the Companies of Grenadiers of the Regiments of Dragoons, the Coſſacks of the Don, and three Regiments of Foot, under Command of General de Romanzoff, the Enemy were in like manner repulſed. Some other Regiments were poſted at proper Diſtances, particularly three under the Command of the Prince of Wolfembuttle, to keep the Enemy at Bay, and to hinder them from falling on the Baggage. During this Action, there was a continual Fire from ſeveral Field Pieces on the Enemy, who were at laſt obliged to retire on all Sides about 4 o'Clock, with conſiderable Loſs. Then the Rear Guard came up and join'd the ſecond Diviſion, and the Army reſted till all was ready in the Camp they were going to take Poſſeſſion of. The Enemy had ſet Fire to the ſtanding Forage, but as it had rained very much for ſeveral Days, it did not take much Effect.

About 5 o'Clock in the Evening the Enemy, who was retired the ſame Way they came, ventured another Attack upon the Coſſacks and Calmucks, who were poſted before the firſt and third Diviſions, but they were alſo repulſed, and about 8 o'Clock were retired quite out of Sight. Then the Army enter'd into the Camp with its Right Wing, about a Cannon Shot from the Nieſter, and the Enemy's Batteries, and the River of Bielocz behind it.

The Loſs we ſuſtained in this Action was very moderate. Among the Dead there is M. Woloſchinin, Colonel of the Coſſacks of the Don, and two other Officers of the ſame Coſſacks. The Loſs of the Enemy muſt have been very conſiderable, ſeveral having been found dead in the Field, particularly of the Turks; the Tartars having, according to their Cuſtom, carried off moſt of their Dead.

The Adjutant Pauloff brought a Letter at the ſame time from the Marſhal de Munich, dated the 27th ult. O. S. wherein he acquaints the Czarina, that the Ruſſian Army was near enough to the Turks to cannonade each other; that he was making all the neceſſary Preparations to begin next Morning at Daybreak to cannonade and bombard the Enemy with the greateſt Vigour; that the Advantage he had obtain'd the Day before, and on which he took the Liberty to congratulate her Imperial Majeſty, was the more Glorious, becauſe tho' the Enemy had a greater Number of Turks than in any of the foregoing Actions, yet they had not been able to do any thing of Conſequence, but had been repulſed with conſiderable Loſs. He adds, that the Enemy were not only intrench'd up to the Teeth on the other Side of the River, but had alſo erected ſeveral Batteries, from which they fir'd upon the Coſſacks as faſt as any of 'em appear'd in Sight, and that the Janiſſaries paſſed the River every now and then in Boats, to ſkirmiſh with the Guards of his advanced Poſts, &c.

Petersburg, Aug. 15. *O. S.* Particular Advices from the Velt Marſhal de Munich's Army, dated the 27th ult. ſay, that the Place where the Troops were poſted to paſs the Nieſter, was but 50 Fathom in Breadth; that it however ſeem'd a very proper Spot for an Attempt to paſs the River, tho' the Banks on the other Side were very ſteep, and that the Enemy had caſt up Entrenchments there; but notwithſtanding this Difficulty, the General was reſolved to try to paſs it the Day following, and that for that Purpoſe he was erecting a Battery of 40 Pieces of Cannon and Mortars; ſo that we expect every Moment to hear of the Succeſs of his Undertaking; and 'tis not doubted but the ſame will arrive this Day or To-morrow.

Warſaw, Aug. 17. *O S.* The News of the Velt Marſhal de Munich's Arrival at Jahorski on the Banks of the Nieſter, occaſioned the falſe Reports at Lcopol and other Places, that the Ruſſians had actually paſſed that River. The laſt Letters from the Crown Army, which is encamp'd upon the Bog, 50 or 60 Leagues from the Nieſter, ſay, they had received Advice that the Ruſſian and Turkiſh Armies cannonaded each other Day and Night with very great Fury; that the Ruſſians had erected a Fort on the Banks of the Nieſter, under the Shelter of which they had begun already to lay a Bridge over the River, but that the Turks left no Stone unturn'd to hinder the carrying it on; and that for that End they every now and then ſent out Janiſſaries in Boats to diſturb the Ruſſians in their Works, while the Turkiſh Horſe and the Tartars, who are on this Side of the Nieſter, harraſſed them inceſſantly. Theſe Letters which are dated the 4th Inſtant add, that it was reported there that the Velt Marſhal de Munich was marched with his Army towards Raskow, higher up the River, in order to find a more convenient Paſſage, and that the Infidels had likewiſe decamp'd, and were coaſting along the Nieſter, to obſerve the Motions of the Ruſſians; which, however, needs Confirmation.

Vienna, Aug. 23. *O. S.* We were the more ſurpriſed to hear of the Surrender of the Fortreſs of Orſova, becauſe after the laſt Succours which were thrown into the Place, we hoped on the contrary to hear that the Turks would have raiſed the Siege. 'Twas on the 5th of the laſt Month that the Garriſon ſurrendered to the Infidels by Capitulation, after the latter had made a Lodgment upon the Point of the Iſland in which the Fortreſs ſtands. The Gariſon, which conſiſted of about 2000 Men, was reduced to 7 or 800 when it ſurrendered, above 1000 of them being carried off by Diſtempers. Thoſe who are come away from thence, will be obliged to perform Quarantain, in order to prevent the Diſtempers from ſpreading. People very much regret the Loſs of the fine Train of Artillery which was taken at Orſova, and which was intended laſt Year for the Siege of Widdin. It was given out, that the Turkiſh Army, what with Diſtempers, and the Scarcity of Proviſions and Forage, was in a very bad Plight; but now we are aſſured, that it is ſtronger than it was believed, and that it is marching in three Columns towards Belgrade. The Court received an Expreſs lately from the Count de Konigſegg, with a Liſt of the Troops in the Army, which, as we are aſſured, conſiſts but of 40,000 Men; but it is to be ſpeedily reinforced by ſome other Troops; and we hope it will then be in capacity to hinder the Turks from executing their Deſigns upon Belgrade: Mean time the Army was to decamp on the 16th ult. in order to march towards that Place. The Bavarian Troops are expected here on the 30th Inſtant, and we hear that the Saxons are advancing in ſuch Haſte, that they travel 5 German Leagues a Day, and only reſt every 5th Day. The Great Duke of Tuſcany ſet out Yeſterday for the Army. His Dutcheſs, who is juſt enter'd into the 9th Month of her Pregnancy, is come from the Favorita, to the Palace of this City to Lie in.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Amſterdam, Sept. 15. *N S.* On the 13th arrived the Lady Elizabeth, Peter Bredemus, from London.

HOME PORTS.

Dublin, Sept. 1. On the 31ſt ult. arrived the Martha, Sinnot, from Barbados; the St. Patrick, Chevers, from Petersburg; the Dublin Merchant, Thomas; the London Merchant, Hill, from London; the Ann and Deborah, Williams, from Cette for the Iſle of Man; the Brothers, Orr, from Rochelle. On the 28th ſailed the Prince of Orange, Rankin, for Rochelle: On the 29th, the Providence, Stewart, for London: Sept. 1. the St. Martin, Kirwan; and the Hibernia, Barton, for Gibraltar.

Portſmouth, Sept. 8. Yeſterday came to the Mother Bank the Kathrine, Farmer, for New York; and the King George, Ayres, for Barbados. Sailed from Spithead on a Cruiſe, the Hound, Capt. Dilks. At Spithead are his Majeſty's Ships the Amelia, Kent, Lenox, Elizabeth, Sunderland, Mahone, Lively and Terrible.

'Laſt Night came hither from London Mr. Hawes, 'Judge Advocate, to hold a Court Martial on ſeveral 'Captains lately on the Iriſh Station.' Wind W. S. W.

Dover, Sept. 8. Arrived the Charles and Mary, Lyon, from Lisbon.

Deal, Sept. 8. Wind S. W. This Morning came down the Sherham Man of War and remains, with the others. Some of the outward bound are ſailed, viz. the Diſpatch, Finny, and the Lake, Pharour, for Barbados; and the Oſwego, Langdon, for New York. Put back the Expedition, Bentley; and the Vigilence, Herod, for Lisbon; and the Lilly, Townſhend, for Oporto.

Deal, Sept. 9. Wind S. W. The outward bound which ſailed Yeſterday, are all put back and remain, with his Majeſty's and the outward bound Ships; the Particulars of which will be ſent To-morrow. Arrived the Conſtancy, Green, from Barbados; the Mary, Newſon, from ditto; the Leviathan, Brazier, from Boſton; the Price Frigat, Tower, from Jamaica.

Graveſend, Sept. 8. Paſſed by the Providence, Stewart, from Dublin; and the Glouceſter, Bloſs, from Nevis.

LONDON.

On Saturday laſt the Hon. Mrs. Courtenay, Wife to Henry Courtenay, Eſq; and Daughter to the Right Hon. the Lord Bathurſt, was ſafely delivered of a Son and Heir at Mr. Courtenay's Houſe in the Spring-Gardens, Charing-Croſs.

On Friday laſt the Lady of Simon Luttrell, Eſq; was ſafely delivered of a Son at Lady Cheſhire's Houſe in Eſſex-ſtreet.

On Saturday laſt Mrs. Carter, who was committed to Newgate on Tueſday laſt for diminiſhing the Gold Coin of this Kingdom, was found hanging to the Bed's Poſt in her Room in the Preſs-Yard.

On

On Saturday Night last the Corpſe of —— Smith, Eſqs was interred in great Funeral Pomp and Solemnity in the Cloyſters, Weſtminſter-Abbey.

The ſame Day the Corpſe of her Grace the Dutcheſs of Northumberland was brought to the Jeruſalem Chamber, where ſhe is to lie in State, and afterwards to be interred in General Monk's Vault in King Henry the Seventh's Chapel, Weſtminſter-Abbey.

On Saturday laſt about two o'Clock in the Afternoon, the Wind being very high, a Boat in Chelſea Reach was unfortunately overſet, by which Accident three Paſſengers were drowned.

Friday Night died at his Houſe at Richmond in Surry, Robert Wood, L. L. D one of the preſent Directors of the South Sea Company, and Official of Colcheſter in the Courts of Doctor's Commons.

On Thurſday died, in the 64th Year of his Age, at his Houſe at Woodbridge in Suffolk, Mr. John King, Senior, a very eminent Printſeller in the Poultry.

By the Death of Lady Turner, late Wife of Sir Charles Turner, Bart. her Jointure of 1500 l. per Annum, ſettled on her by her firſt Husband, Sir Nevil Catlyn, Knight, goes to his Heir at Law, Mr. Catlyn of Suffolk.

Laſt Monday the Races began at Egham in Surry, when the Purſe of 25 Guineas was won by Mr. Beaver's Horſe.

On Tueſday the Purſe of 10 l. was won by Mr. Smith's Crop'd Mare. And

On Wedneſday the Purſe of 15 l. was won by Mr. Williams's Cheſnut Horſe.

Laſt Saturday their Royal Highneſſes the Duke of Cumberland and the Princeſſes, took the Diverſion of hunting a Stag on Windſor Foreſt.

On Friday laſt died in an advanced Age, at her Houſe in Burlington Street, Burlington Gardens, Mrs Reynolds, a Widow Lady poſſeſſed of a plenful Fortune, which devolves to her only Son Charles Reynolds, Eſq; who married a Daughter of the late Lord Ducie Moreton.

The Reverend Dr. Bearcroft, Preacher of the Charter-houſe, is appointed one of his Majeſty Chaplains in Ordinary.

Laſt Friday Benjamin Moyer, Eſq; an eminent Turky Merchant, who three Years ſince paid his Fine to be excuſed from ſerving the Office of Sheriff, was unanimouſly elected Maſter of the Worſhipful Company of Mercers.

Laſt Tueſday the Bail Plate of 20 l. at Lincoln was won by Lord Weymouth's Bay Gelding, *Dapper*.

On Saturday laſt 11 Priſoners were tried at the Old Baily, one whereof was capitally Convicted, viz. Jonathan Thomas for ſtiling of Guineas: Four were caſt for Tranſportation and 6 Acquitted.

BANKRUPTS.

Chriſtopher Curwen, of Briſtol, Merchant.
Nehemiah Harris, of Briſtol, Clothier.

		Morning	Evening
High Water this Day at London Bridge.	}	09 01	09 37

Bank Stock 144. India 171 5-8ths. South Sea 101 3-4ths. Old Annuity 112 1-8th. New ditto 110 1-8th. Three per Cent. 105 1-4th. 3 per Cent. Loan 110 1-4th. 5 per Cent. ditto 100. Royal Aſſurance 107 1-half. London Aſſurance 14 3-4ths. African 14. India Bonds 61. 12 s. Prem. South Sea ditto 2 l. 4 s. Prem. Bank Circulation 3 l. 17 s. 6 d. Prem. Salt Tallies 1-half to 2 1-half Premium. Engliſh Copper 3 l. 5 s. Welſh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent Exchequer Orders 5 1-half per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 1 1-4th per Cent. Prem. Million Bank 120.

This Day is publiſh'd,
(Price Six-Pence)

DEATH aboliſhed by our Saviour: And Life and Immortality brought to Light through the Goſpel. A Sermon occaſioned by the Death of the Rev. Mr. John Muckley. Preached Auguſt 20, 1738, in Bartholomew Cloſe. By Samuel Wright, D. D. Publiſhed at the Requeſt of the Congregation.

Printed for R. Hett, in the Poultry; and T. Saunders in Little Britain.

General Poſt Office, Aug. 27, 1738.

WHEREAS the Poſt Boy carrying the North Mail from London, was ſet upon and robbed by a ſingle Perſon on foot, this Morning between the Hours of Two and Three, on this Side Kingſland, near London.

The Poſt Maſter General thinks proper to make it publickly known, that whoever ſhall apprehend the Perſon who committed this Robbery, will, upon Conviction, be intitled to a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, beſides the Reward by Act of Parliament for apprehending of Highwaymen; or if any Accomplice in the ſaid Robbery ſhall make a Diſcovery of the Perſon who committed the Fact, ſuch Accomplice will be intitled to the ſaid Reward of Two hundred Pounds, and alſo have his Majeſty's moſt gracious Pardon.

By Order of the Poſt Maſter General
John Jeſſe, *Cl.*

The Perſon who committed this Robbery, is deſcribed to be a middle-ſiz'd Man, had on a light colour'd cloſe bodied Coat, with cloſe Sleeves, and a full Bob Wig, pretty light, and a Paper Mask over his Face; he carried intirely off the Five following Bags, viz Hertford, Peterborough, Horncaſtle, Louth *and* Boſton, *and likewiſe took the greateſt Part of the Letters out of the* Enfield, Ware, St. Ives, *and* Royſton *Bags.*

N. B. There were likewiſe two Men at a ſmall Diſtance from him, ſuppoſed to be his Accomplices.

Admiralty-Office, 8 Auguſt, 1738.

HIS Majeſty having been graciouſly pleaſed by his Warrant under the Royal Sign Manual, dated the Tenth of June, 1733, to eſtabliſh certain Rules and Orders for the better Government of the Charity for the Relief of poor Widows of Commiſſion and Warrant Officers of the Royal Navy: Theſe are to give Notice to all ſuch Widows, whoſe Husbands died on or ſince the 30th of Auguſt, 1732, that Copies of the ſaid Rules and Orders are lodged with the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Navy at Chatham, Portſmouth, and Plymouth, as alſo with the Clerks of the Cheque at Deptford and Woolwich, and the Naval Officers at Harwich, Deal, and Kinſale, where they may be inform'd of all Particulars which entitle them to the Benefit of the ſaid Charity, and receive the proper Certificates for that Purpoſe: But ſuch Widows as live at too great a Diſtance from the Places above mentioned, may apply by Letter to Thomas Corbett, Eſq; at the Admiralty-Office, who will ſend them all neceſſary Information. And the Governors of the ſaid Charity intending to diſtribute ſome Relief to the Widows of ſuch Sea-Officers who died before the 30th of Auguſt, 1732, and whoſe Circumſtances come within the Rules of the Eſtabliſhment, theſe are to give Notice of the ſame to all ſuch Widows, that they may procure the proper Certificates and Affidavits, and ſend or bring them hither. And the Court of Aſſiſtants do hereby give Notice, that they will meet at this Office on Tueſday the 19th of September next, at Eight o'Clock in the Morning, to receive the Claims of ſuch Widows as ſhall be qualified according to the ſaid Rules and Orders.

PARALYTICON, ſeu Anima Nervorum,
A Stupendious Cnymical Eſſence *which infallibly cures the* Palſy, *and all other* Nervous Diſeaſes.

THE very firſt DOSE of it (a few DROPS only) inſtantly penetrates the inmoſt Receſſes of the minuteſt Nerves, and darting almoſt as quick as Lightening thro' the whole Human Syſtem, diffuſes kindly Warmth and genial Comfort to the weakened Limbs and all Parts of the Body, and affords immediate ſenſible Relief in the moſt obſtinate Palſy, and all Paralytick Effects, Shaking, Trembling, Numbneſs, Deadneſs, and Weakneſs, whether univerſal, or of particular Parts only, or whether lately contracted, or of many Years Continuance.

And as the very firſt Doſe makes an apparent, demonſtrable Amendment, ſo the continuing of it for a ſhort Time as ſurely accompliſhes a perfect Cure, not only of the moſt grievous Palſy or Reſolution of the Nerves, but alſo of their Cramp-like Contractions, Shrinking of the Sinews, and all other Nervous Complaints whatever, and that in Perſons of either Sex, or of any Age, and whether occaſioned by preceding Illneſs, faſt Livings, hard Drinking, long Courſes of Phyſick, great Colds, or exceſſive Fatigue, either of Mind or Body.

Words cannot ſufficiently expreſs the uncommon, the unparallel'd Efficacy of this great Medicine, as all who take it frankly acknowledge, but its vaſtly ſuperior Excellency to all other Remedies, may be more ſecurely rely'd on, for the Infallible Cure of the Palſy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Indiſpoſitions, than the celebrated Cortex is for Intermittents, and this many Hundreds have experienced.

It rectifies all Diſorders of the firſt Paſſages, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digeſtion, enriches the Blood, reſtores the natural Vigour and ſteady Uſe of the Limbs, and ſtrengthen the infeebled Joints, Muſcles, Tendons, Ligaments, and whole Habit to an immenſe Degree.

It is alſo very pleaſant to take; is comforting and cordial to the Stomach and Bowels, and for Safety might be given to the youngeſt Infant. It is to be had only by the Author's Appointment at Mr. Radford's Toyſhop at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

Juſt Publiſhed,
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LONDON Printed for T. COOPER, at the *Globe* in *Pater-noſter-Row*.